# **Consolidated Financial Statements for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 (IFRS)**

These financial statements have been prepared for reference only.

August 9, 2019

Link and Motivation Inc.	Stock exchange listing: Tokyo
Code number: 2170	http://www.lmi.ne.jp/english
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Filing of Quarterly Report (Shihanki Hokokusho) (scheduled):	August 9, 2019
Start of distribution of dividends (scheduled):	September 25, 2019
Supplementary documents for quarterly results:	No
Quarterly results briefing:	Yes

(Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million.)

## 1. Consolidated Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 (January 1, 2019 – June 30, 2019)

(1) Revenues and Income (Percentages represent change compared with the same period of the previous year.)

	Revenues (¥ million)	Change (%)	Operating income (¥ million)	Change (%)	Income before income taxes (¥ million)	Change (%)	Net income (¥ million)	Change (%)
Six months ended June 30, 2019 Six months ended	19,134	(4.3)	1,471	(30.4)	1,426	(32.0)	879	(34.6)
June 30, 2018	19,985	10.8	2,115	31.4	2,098	34.8	1,345	33.1

	Net income attributable to owners of the parent (¥ million)	Change (%)	Comprehen- sive income (¥ million)	Change (%)	Basic earnings per share (¥)	Diluted earnings per share (¥)
Six months ended June 30, 2019 Six months ended	883	(35.8)	785	(54.6)	8.36	8.34
June 30, 2018	1,374	35.2	1,731	(15.9)	13.01	—

(2) Financial Position

			Equity attributable	Ratio of equity
	Total assets	Total equity	to owners of the	attributable to owners
	(¥ million)	(¥ million)	parent	of the parent to total
			(¥ million)	assets (%)
As of June 30, 2019	43,392	7,456	7,474	17.2
As of December 31, 2018	27,664	7,681	7,696	27.8

## 2. Dividends

		Dividends per share					
	1st Qtr.	2nd Qtr.	3rd Qtr.	Year-end	Total		
2018	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	6.80		
2019	1.80	1.80					
2019 (est.)			1.80	1.80	7.20		

Note: Revisions since the most recently announced dividend forecast: No

#### 3. Forecast of Results for 2019 (January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019) (Percentages represent change compared with the previous fiscal year.)

	(Percentages represent change compared with the previous fiscal year.)								
				Net		Net income		Basic	
	Revenu	es	Operating income		income		attributable to		earnings
							owners of the parent		per share
	(¥ million)	(%)	(¥ million)	(%)	(¥ million)	(%)	(¥ million)	(%)	(¥)
Full-year	38,500	(3.6)	1,880	(50.9)	1,050	(45.3)	1,030	(47.1)	9.75

Note: Revisions since the most recently announced forecast of results: Yes

For the revision of the forecast of consolidated results for the year, see "Notice of Revision of Forecast of Consolidated Results for the Year," released on August 9, 2019. (Japanese only).

### Notes

- (1) Changes in Significant Subsidiaries during the Period: No
- (2) Changes in Accounting Policies and Changes in Accounting Estimates
  - (a) Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS: Yes
  - (b) Changes in accounting policies other than (a) above: No
  - (c) Changes in accounting estimates: No
- (3) Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding (Common Stock)
  - (a) Number of shares at the end of the period (including treasury stock) Six months ended June 30, 2019: 113,068,000; Year ended December 31, 2018: 113,068,000
  - (b) Number of treasury shares at the end of the period: Six months ended June 30, 2019: 7,445,796; Year ended December 31, 2018: 7,445,757
  - (c) Average number of shares outstanding (cumulative with earlier quarters): Six months ended June 30, 2019: 105,622,237; Six months ended June 30, 2018: 105,622,300
- \* These Financial Statements Are Not Subject to Quarterly Review by a Certified Public Accountant or Auditing Firm

### \* Explanation of the Proper Use of Performance Forecasts and Other Special Instructions

Consolidated forecasts and other statements regarding the future contained in this document are based on information currently available to the Company and certain reasonable assumptions. Actual performance may differ substantially due to numerous factors.

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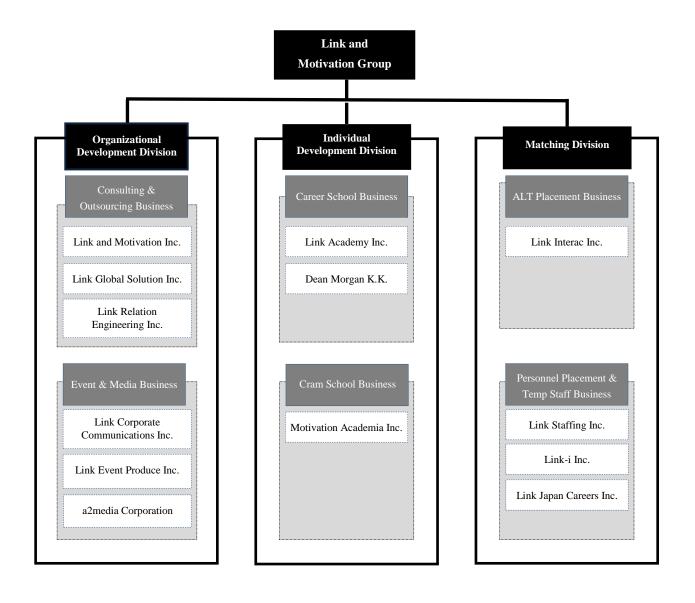
### 1. Overview of Results of Operations and Other Information

### (1) Overview of Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

In the Japanese economy during the first half of 2019 (January 1, 2019 – June 30, 2019), corporate production activities and capital investment were on a recovery track and personal consumption, which had been in a persistent slump, also grew in tandem with an increase in leisure time due to Japanese society's promotion of work style reform. As a result, the economy was on an overall moderate recovery trend. Moreover, the Link and Motivation Group (the "Group") supports the transformation of numerous companies and individuals using "Motivation Engineering," which is the Group's core technology, backed by psychology, behavioral economics, social systems theory and other disciplines, under its corporate philosophy: "Through Motivation Engineering, we provide opportunities to transform organizations and individuals and create a more meaningful society." The market also grew moderately in industries related to the Group, with increased demand for higher labor productivity and facilitation of personnel recruiting associated with the promotion of work style reform.

In this economic environment, revenues of the Group were \$19,134 million (a 4.3% decrease compared with the same period of the previous year), gross profit was \$7,542 million (a 4.9% decrease), operating income was \$1,471 million (a 30.4% decrease) and net income attributable to owners of the parent was \$883 million (a 35.8% decrease).

The segment and business classifications of the Group are as shown below, and an overview of the first half of 2019 by segment and business follows.



### **Organizational Development Division**

The Organizational Development Division offers corporate customers services that provide support for building and strengthening relationships with a company's stakeholders (employees, job applicants, customers, shareholders) using "Motivation Engineering," which is the core technology of the Group.

Results in this segment decreased compared with the same period of the previous year. Segment revenues for the first half of 2019 were ¥5,840 million (a 12.9% decrease) and segment income was ¥3,848 million (a 14.8% decrease). An overview of operating results by business for the first half of 2019 is as follows.

#### **Consulting & Outsourcing Business**

The Consulting & Outsourcing business acts under the concept of creating numerous "Motivation Companies" in which employee motivation is the growth engine of an organization. As its method of providing services, the business diagnoses the state of a company's motivation based on its original diagnostic framework and offers various one-stop solutions for innovations related to organizations and personnel, including recruiting, training, framework and corporate culture.

In this business, revenues for the first half of 2019 were ¥4,306 million (a 16.0% decrease) and gross profit was ¥3,422 million (a 16.8% decrease). Results by product in the Consulting & Outsourcing business were as follows.

Product (¥ million)	Six months ended	Six months ended	YoY change
[Gross profit in brackets]	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	(%)
Consulting & Outsourcing Business	5,126	4,306	(16.0)
	[4,112]	[3,422]	(16.8)
Package	1,455	1,255	(13.7)
Consulting	2,286	1,488	(34.9)
Member/database services	909	1,216	33.8
Outsourcing	475	345	(27.4)

#### **Table 1. Revenues by Product**

In the first half of 2019, growth in Package and Consulting fell below the forecast, and both revenues and gross profit decreased substantially compared with the same period of the previous year.

The reason for the decrease was that the Group proactively invested personnel, funds and other resources in the Motivation Cloud subscription model, and as a result it was unable to focus on its existing consulting and outsourcing model.

Going forward, the Group will aim to implement both models in parallel, promoting recovery of the consulting and outsourcing model while steadily expanding the subscription model.

Progress in the number of contact points that have adopted the cloud-based service for organizational improvement Motivation Cloud, which is a key indicator for the Group, was as follows.

		20	2019			
	March	June	September	December	March	June
Number of contact points	505	576	641	718	803	861
Monthly fee revenue (¥ thousand)	72,086	92,998	103,410	130,663	140,201	153,064

Motivation Cloud is a cloud-based service in the field of HR Tech (human resources combined with technology) for managing employee engagement (mutual understanding, empathy and commitment between companies and employees). We began providing this monthly pay-as-you-go product in July 2016. The cumulative number of contact points that have adopted Motivation Cloud reached 862 as of June 30, 2019. During the first half of 2019, there was steady progress in the number of contact points that have adopted Motivation Cloud.

The recent environmental change of shifting to adapt to the labor market to target human resources, both employees and job applicants, is a management issue for many companies. Amid these circumstances, improving employee engagement through corporate organizational activities is a key management theme. However, the absence of a "yardstick" for visualizing the state of the organization and of a PDCA cycle for truly achieving organizational

improvements has been an issue for many organizational activities. Against this backdrop, capturing companies' rising needs for organizational transformation has led to a substantial increase in the number of contact points for Motivation Cloud. Motivation Cloud is generating stable revenue, and total monthly fee revenue for June 2019 was \$153,156 thousand.

### **Event & Media Business**

The Event & Media business produces events and media for various types of communication associated with business activities to support the "creation of Motivation Companies" at corporations. In its event production, the business offers assistance in stimulating the interest and promoting the understanding of stakeholders through support for creation of forums such as anniversary events, recruiting presentations, promotional events and shareholders' meetings. In its media production, the business is involved in printed media such as company newsletters, corporate brochures and annual reports for shareholders, as well as web-based media such as corporate websites and investor relations (IR) sites and visual media such as videos that explain products and webcasts of shareholders' meetings.

In this business, revenues for the first half of 2019 were ¥1,866 million (a 6.8% decrease) and gross profit was ¥593 million (a 3.1% decrease). Results by product in the Event & Media business were as follows.

Product (¥ million)	Six months ended	Six months ended	YoY change
[Gross profit in brackets]	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	(%)
Event & Media Business	2,001	1,866	(6.8)
	[612]	[593]	(3.1)
Event production	787	683	(13.2)
Media production	1,213	1,182	(2.6)

#### **Table 3. Revenues by Product**

In the first half of 2019, with the intention of stabilizing operations, the Event & Media business focused on IR-related media with low sensitivity to economic swings and cut back on other products, as well as on intentionally reducing orders with a high cost ratio for the business overall. As a result, revenues decreased and gross profit decreased slightly compared with the same period of the previous year.

The business will work for growth by developing products with greater advantages using "Motivation Engineering," the Group's core technology.

### **Individual Development Division**

The Individual Development Division applies "Motivation Engineering," which is the core technology of the Group, to businesses in areas including career schools and cram schools, to offer individual customers "career navigation" services, which provide total support for independent and autonomous career creation.

In this segment, due to solid performance in each business, segment revenues for the first half of 2019 were \$3,944 million (a 0.8% increase) and segment income was \$1,404 million (a 3.2% decrease). An overview of operating results by business for the first half of 2019 is as follows.

#### **Career School Business**

The Career School business defines human resources who act independently and autonomously, without depending on an organization, as "i-Companies" and supports the production of numerous i-Companies. As for specific services, the business provides one-stop services for individual career advancement, targeting mainly university students and working adults, under the six service brands of "Aviva" personal computer schools, "Daiei" qualification schools, "Aviva Pro" programming schools, and "Rosetta Stone Learning Center," "Rosetta Stone Premium Club" and "Hummingbird" foreign language schools.

In this business, revenues for the first half of 2019 were ¥3,639 million (a 1.6% increase) and gross profit was ¥1,294 million (a 1.3% decrease). Results by product in the Career School business were as follows.

#### **Table 4. Revenues by Product**

Product (¥ million) [Gross profit in brackets]	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2019	YoY change (%)
Career School Business	3,583	3,639	1.6
	[1,310]	[1,294]	(1.3)
Office	1,523	1,481	(2.8)
Pro Series	484	490	1.3
Accounting courses	289	314	8.8
National exam courses	335	343	2.4
Civil servant courses	673	617	(8.4)
Educational materials/other	93	89	(4.8)
English conversation	182	302	66.1

During the first half of 2019, revenues increased slightly and gross profit decreased slightly due to good performance by Accounting, National exam and English conversation courses.

In addition to working to enhance its lineup of courses and to improve their quality in order to raise its value as a total career school, the business will promote career navigation by focusing on comprehensive services from providing career guidance to offering employment opportunities in collaboration with the Personnel Placement & Temp Staff business.

#### **Cram School Business**

Unlike typical cram schools, the Cram School business operates under the business concept of producing numerous "i-Companies" in addition to improving the academic ability of its students. Its services consist of operating "Motivation Academia" cram schools for junior high and high school students to provide a place where students can not only prepare for school entrance exams but also develop skills to play a role in society. The business also operates "SS-1," an individualized instruction cram school for students preparing for junior high school entrance exams. The Group's Cram School business will utilize its assets in programming education and English conversation education to provide places for students from elementary school straight through to high school to develop skills that will be of use in society.

In this business, revenues for the first half of 2019 were ¥307 million (a 6.7% decrease) and gross profit was ¥110 million (a 20.8% decrease).

During the first half of 2019, revenues decreased and gross profit decreased substantially compared with the same period of the previous year because enrollment did not proceed as in most years. This business has only one product.

By further applying the know-how in training adults that has been cultivated in the Consulting & Outsourcing business, this business aims to achieve one-stop services unattainable by conventional cram schools, ranging from elementary to high school students and adults.

#### **Matching Division**

The Matching Division provides services under the concept of matching organizations with hiring needs and individuals who want to advance their careers through "motivation matching," which applies "Motivation Engineering," the core technology of the Group, to personnel placement and temp staff dispatch.

In this segment, segment revenues for the first half of 2019 were ¥9,841 million (a 3.4% decrease) and segment income was ¥2,699 million (a 3.5% increase), a slight decrease in segment revenues and an increase in segment income compared with the same period of the previous year. An overview of operating results by business for the first half of 2019 is as follows.

#### **ALT Placement Business**

The ALT Placement business dispatches foreign assistant language teachers (ALTs) to elementary, junior high and high schools throughout Japan and provides English-language instruction services on contract. In this business, where barriers to entry are extremely high due to the importance placed on relationships of trust with customers and a company's track record, the Group has established the number-one share among private companies. In addition, Japan's English education market is expanding with the creation of a "Reform Plan for Cultivating Global Human Resources" by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT), looking ahead to the Tokyo Olympics to be held in 2020.

In this business, revenues for the first half of 2019 were ¥6,332 million (a 5.7% increase) and gross profit was ¥1,920 million (an 11.7% increase).

During the first half of 2019, revenues increased and gross profit increased substantially compared with the same period of the previous year due to firm performance from precisely capitalizing on the expansion of English education promoted by MEXT. This business has only one product.

The business will work to strengthen hiring of foreign teachers with a view toward further growth in demand for ALTs in Japan.

### Personnel Placement & Temp Staff Business

The Personnel Placement & Temp Staff business provides solutions in the form of introductions and temp staffing of the human resources an organization needs to grow. The main businesses include a new graduate recruiting and introduction business that connects university students looking for employment with company orientation meetings and interviews, a mid-career introduction business that matches working adults looking to change jobs with companies, and a temp staff business that dispatches personnel for sales, clerical work, and other fields. In addition, to capitalize on rising needs for employment of foreigners, the Personnel Placement & Temp Staff business also conducts a business that provides one-stop foreigner recruiting, training and labor support for companies that want to hire them.

In this business, revenues for the first half of 2019 were \$3,899 million (a 13.9% decrease) and gross profit was \$1,051 million (an 8.4% decrease). Results by product in the Personnel Placement & Temp Staff business were as follows.

Product (¥ million)	Six months ended	Six months ended	YoY change
[Gross profit in brackets]	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	(%)
Personnel Placement & Temp Staff Business	4,527	3,899	(13.9)
	[1,148]	[1,051]	(8.4)
Store sales temp staff	3,537	2,857	(19.2)
Office temp staff	317	300	(5.2)
Foreign worker support	286	333	16.4
Recruiting/introductions	386	408	5.5

#### **Table 5. Revenues by Product**

During the first half of 2019, revenues decreased substantially and gross profit decreased slightly compared with the same period of the previous year due to slow growth by Store sales temp staff, which accounts for the majority of revenues, resulting from a trend toward regular employment.

The business will raise matching efficiency and improve profitability through business synergy that links individuals who have improved their skills through the Group's Career School business to corporate dispatch and introductions.

#### **Venture Incubation**

In addition to its divisions, the Group conducts venture incubation. In venture incubation, the Group provides its know-how in organizational and personnel consulting in addition to funding, as well as supporting growing venture companies on an organizational level with the aim of listing their stock. The two main criteria for selection of investees are (1) sympathy with creating a "Motivation Company" and (2) aim to list stock. Gains on sales and other results generated from venture incubation are recorded as equity on the balance sheet.

#### (2) Overview of Financial Condition for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

Total assets as of June 30, 2019 were  $\pm$ 43,392 million, an increase of  $\pm$ 15,727 million from the end of the previous year. This was mainly due to factors including a  $\pm$ 16,379 million increase in property, plant and equipment due to an increase in right-of-use assets and other items in connection with the application of IFRS 16.

Total liabilities as of June 30, 2019 were \$35,936 million, an increase of \$15,953 million from the end of the previous year. This was mainly due to factors including a \$16,714 million increase in interest-bearing and other financial liabilities due to an increase in lease liabilities and other items in connection with the application of IFRS 16.

Total equity as of June 30, 2019 was \$7,456 million, a decrease of \$225 million from the end of the previous year. This was mainly due to factors including a \$640 million decrease in retained earnings at the beginning of the period in connection with the application of IFRS 16.

### (3) Overview of Cash Flow for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

Cash and cash equivalents ("cash") as of June 30, 2019 were ¥1,364 million, a decrease of ¥615 million during the period.

Cash flow during the six months ended June 30, 2019 was as follows.

## Cash Flow from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was ¥2,002 million, an increase of ¥63 million compared with the same period of the previous year. The principal factors included a ¥671 million decrease in income before income taxes and a ¥924 million increase in depreciation and amortization.

### Cash Flow from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was ¥753 million, an increase in cash used of ¥266 million compared with the same period of the previous year. The principal factors included a ¥172 million increase in payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

### Cash Flow from Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$1,862 million, an increase in cash used of \$44 million compared with the same period of the previous year. The principal factors included a \$993 million increase in proceeds from borrowings and a \$1,025 million increase in repayment of lease liabilities compared with the same period of the previous year.

#### (4) Forecast

For the revision of the forecast of consolidated results for the year, see "Notice of Revision of Forecast of Consolidated Results for the Year," released on August 9, 2019. (Japanese only).

### (5) Important Information Regarding Assumption of Going Concern

None applicable

# 2. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# (1) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(1) Condensed Consondated Dalance Sheets		
	(Millions of yen, rounded do	wn to the nearest millio
	As of	As of
	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,979	1,364
Trade and other receivables	4,533	4,610
Inventories	278	317
Other current financial assets	9	38
Other current assets	1,015	604
Total current assets	7,817	6,935
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	1,851	18,230
Goodwill	6,551	6,551
Intangible assets	1,841	1,999
Investments in associates	3,080	3,107
Other non-current financial assets	5,821	5,718
Deferred tax assets	440	588
Other non-current assets	260	261
Total non-current assets	19,847	36,456
Total assets	27,664	43,392

	(Millions of yen, rounded dow	wh to the nearest million)
	As of	As of
	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2019
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	2,394	2,457
Contract liabilities	1,573	1,791
Interest-bearing and other financial liabilities	4,749	6,850
Income tax payable	1,077	551
Provisions	18	15
Other current liabilities	2,287	1,834
Total current liabilities	12,101	13,501
Non-current liabilities		
Interest-bearing and other financial liabilities	6,458	21,072
Provisions	435	468
Deferred tax liabilities	724	635
Other non-current liabilities	261	258
Total non-current liabilities	7,881	22,434
Total liabilities	19,982	35,936
EQUITY		
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		
Share capital	1,380	1,380
Capital surplus	1,989	1,989
Treasury shares	(1,373)	(1,373)
Retained earnings	4,763	4,579
Other components of equity	936	898
Total equity attributable to owners of the parent	7,696	7,474
Non-controlling interests	(15)	(18)
Total equity	7,681	7,456
Total liabilities and equity	27,664	43,392

### (Millions of yen, rounded down to the nearest million)

# (2) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Six Months Ended June 30

(	Millions of yen, rounded dow	n to the nearest million)
	Six months	Six months
	ended	ended
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Revenues	19,985	19,134
Cost of sales	12,056	11,591
Gross profit	7,929	7,542
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,803	6,050
Other income	5	10
Other expenses	15	31
Operating income	2,115	1,471
Financial revenue	5	11
Financial expenses	49	83
Equity in earnings of associates	26	27
Income before income taxes	2,098	1,426
Income taxes	752	547
Net income	1,345	879
(Attributable to)		
Owners of the parent	1,374	883
Non-controlling interests	(28)	(3)
Total	1,345	879
		(Yen)
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the par	rent	
Basic earnings per share	13.01	8.36
Diluted earnings per share		8.34

# **Three Months Ended June 30**

(Millions of yen,	rounded down to	the nearest million)	)

	Three months	Three months
	ended	ended
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Revenues	10,342	9,945
Cost of sales	6,162	5,915
Gross profit	4,179	4,029
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,914	2,983
Other income	2	7
Other expenses	14	7
Operating income	1,253	1,046
Financial revenue	2	9
Financial expenses	14	40
Equity in earnings of affiliates	3	7
Income before income taxes	1,245	1,023
Income taxes	432	341
Net income	812	682
(Attributable to)		
Owners of the parent	824	682
Non-controlling interests	(11)	0
Total	812	682
		(Yen)
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent		
Basic earnings per share	7.80	6.46
Diluted earnings per share		6.46

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Six Months Ended June 30

(	Millions of yen, rounded c	lown to the nearest million
	Six months	Six months
	ended	ended
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Net income	1,345	879
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Net gain (loss) on revaluation of financial assets		
measured at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	385	(93)
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or		
loss	385	(93)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign		
operations	(0)	(0)
Total items that may be reclassified to		
profit or loss	(0)	(0)
Total other comprehensive income	385	(94)
Total comprehensive income	1,731	785
(Attributable to)		
Owners of the parent	1,759	788
Non-controlling interests	(28)	(3)
Comprehensive income	1,731	785

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Three Months Ended June 30

	(Millions of yen, rounded d	lown to the nearest million)
	Three months	Three months
	ended	ended
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Net income	812	682
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Net gain (loss) on revaluation of financial assets		
measured at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	542	(329)
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or		
loss	542	(329)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign		
operations	1	(1)
Total items that may be reclassified to		
profit or loss	1	(1)
Total other comprehensive income	544	(330)
Total comprehensive income	1,356	351
(Attributable to)		
Owners of the parent	1,368	351
Non-controlling interests	(11)	0
Comprehensive income	1,356	351

# (3) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

				(Millions	of yen, rounde	ed down to the	nearest milli	on)
		Equit	y attributable	to owners of	the parent			
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Total equity attributable to owners of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
January 1, 2018	1,380	2,137	(1,373)	3,426	1,121	6,692	4	6,697
Net income				1,374	_	1,374	(28)	1,345
Other comprehensive								
income					385	385	_	385
Total comprehensive								
income				1,374	385	1,759	(28)	1,731
Dividends from surplus				(348)		(348)		(348)
Transfer from other components of equity to retained				58	(59)			
earnings				38	(58)			
Total transactions with the owners				(289)	(58)	(348)		(348)
June 30, 2018	1,380	2,137	(1,373)	4,510	1,448	8,104	(23)	8,080

Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

				(Millions	of yen, rounde	ed down to the	nearest million	on)
		Equity attributable to owners of the parent						
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Total equity attributable to owners of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
January 1, 2019	1,380	1,989	(1,373)	4,763	936	7,696	(15)	7,681
Impact of change in accounting policy				(640)		(640)		(640)
Balance at beginning of period after reflecting change in accounting								
policy	1,380	1,989	(1,373)	4,122	936	7,055	(15)	7,040
Net income				883		883	(3)	879
Other comprehensive income					(94)	(94)		(94)
Total comprehensive income				883	(94)	788	(3)	785
Acquisition of treasury shares Dividends from			(0)			(0)		(0)
surplus Transfer from other components of equity to retained				(369)	—	(369)		(369)
earnings				(56)	56			
Total transactions with				<u>\- */</u>				
the owners			(0)	(426)	56	(369)		(369)
June 30, 2019	1,380	1,989	(1,373)	4,579	898	7,474	(18)	7,456

# (4) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow

(	Millions of yen, rounded do	own to the nearest million)
	Six months	Six months
	ended	ended
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Cash flow from operating activities	2 008	1 426
Income before income taxes	2,098 327	1,426
Depreciation and amortization		1,251
Loss on impairment	8 43	5 71
Financial revenues and financial expenses	(26)	(27)
Equity in (earnings) losses of associates		
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	(127)	(76)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(110)	(38)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	322 203	59 329
Other		
Subtotal	2,740	3,002
Interest and dividends received	4	8
Interest paid	(44)	(71)
Income tax refund	17	57
Income taxes paid	(779)	(995)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,938	2,002
Cash flow from investing activities	(110)	
Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(112)	(285)
Payments for acquisition of intangible assets	(365)	(391)
Payments for acquisition of investment securities	(120)	(99)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	154	35
Payments for security deposits and guarantees	(61)	(70)
Proceeds from refund of security deposits and guarantees	45	110
Other	(27)	(52)
Net cash provided used in investing activities	(487)	(753)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term financial liabilities	(493)	200
Proceeds from long-term financial liabilities	—	300
Repayment of long-term financial liabilities	(919)	(968)
Payments of cash dividends	(350)	(368)
Repayment of lease liabilities		(1,025)
Other	(55)	(0)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,818)	(1,862)
Cash and cash equivalents translation adjustment	(0)	(0)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(367)	(615)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	1,654	1,979
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	1,286	1,364

### (5) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (Changes in Accounting Policies)

Significant accounting policies applied in these condensed consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year, except for the following.

Income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2019 are calculated using the estimated average annual effective tax rate.

The Group has applied IFRS 16 "Leases" (issued in January 2016) (hereafter, "IFRS 16") from the three months ended March 31, 2019.

#### (1) Policies applied from the date of initial application

At the commencement of a contract, the Group determines whether the contract contains a lease. The lease liabilities for lease transactions are measured at the present value of the remaining total lease payments at the commencement date of the lease, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate. The cost of right-of-use assets is initially measured at the amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities, adjusted by any initial direct costs and any lease incentives received plus costs such as restoration obligation required under the contract, and depreciated over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis.

The Group presents right-of-use assets in "property, plant and equipment" and "intangible assets," and lease liabilities in "interest-bearing and other financial liabilities" on the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in accordance with the recognition exemption provisions in IFRS 16 for short-term leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months and leases in which the underlying asset is of low value. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## (2) Impact of application of IFRS 16

As a transitional measure upon the adoption of IFRS 16, the Group applies this standard retrospectively without restating comparative information, with the cumulative effect of initially applying this standard at the date of initial application recognized in the balance of retained earnings at the beginning of the period.

In transitioning to IFRS 16, the Group has chosen the practical expedient detailed in IFRS 16 paragraph C3 and grandfathered its assessments of whether contracts contain leases based on IAS 17 "Leases" (hereafter, "IAS 17") and IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease." From the date of application, this assessment is determined based on the provisions of IFRS 16.

For leases that the Group as lessee previously classified as operating leases applying IAS 17, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the date of initial application. These lease liabilities have been measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. The weighted average of the lessee's incremental borrowing rates is 0.44%. Right-of-use assets are initially measured at the initial measurement amount of the lease liability adjusted for the prepaid lease payments and other factors.

For leases that the Group as lessee previously classified as finance leases applying IAS 17, the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the date of initial application are the carrying amounts of lease assets and lease liabilities, respectively, immediately before that date measured applying IAS 17.

The difference in amount between non-cancellable operating lease contracts applying IAS 17 as of December 31, 2018 and lease liabilities recognized in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position at the date of initial application is mainly due to the difference in estimates for periods exceeding the non-cancellable period of the real estate.

Due to the application of IFRS 16, right-of-use assets increased ¥16,109 million and lease liabilities increased ¥16,934 million at the beginning of the first quarter ended March 31, 2019, compared with the application of the previous accounting standard. In addition, retained earnings decreased ¥640 million.

The Group uses the following practical expedient in the application of IFRS 16.

For contracts that include an option to extend or cancel a lease, the Group uses ex post facto judgment in calculating the lease term.

### (Notes Regarding Assumption of Going Concern)

None applicable

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## (Significant Subsequent Event)

Determination of matters related to share repurchase

At a Board of Directors meeting held on August 9, 2019, the Company resolved on matters related to the repurchase of its own shares pursuant to Article 459, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and the provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

1. Reason for conducting share repurchase

The Company will repurchase its own shares to conduct a flexible capital policy in response to changes in the business environment.

2. Details of matters related to acquisition	
(1) Type of shares subject to acquisition:	Common stock of the Company
(2) Total number of shares that can be acquired:	700,000 shares (maximum)
	(Percentage of total number of issued shares issued
	(excluding treasury shares): 0.66%)
(3) Total acquisition price of shares:	¥500 million (maximum)
(4) Acquisition period:	August 13, 2019 to November 12, 2019
(5) Acquisition method:	Market purchase by a trust bank
(Reference)	
Status of treasury shares as of June 30, 2019	

Total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares):105,622,204 sharesNumber of treasury shares:7,445,796 shares